GARLIC For the Home Gardener and Grower

VARIETIES	ТҮРЕ	HARVEST	STORING	YIELD PER BULB	CLOVE SIZE	FLAVOUR	COMMENT
SOFTNECK VARIETIES							
Regular	Standard	Late Summer	Into Spring	9-24 Cloves	Small, Medium	Mild to Medium	Easy to grow soils. Great
HARDNECK VARIETIES							
Bogatyr	Purple Stripe	Late Summer	Into Spring	5-7 Cloves	Large	Strong, Fiery	Strong, long
Duganski	Purple Stripe	Mid Summer	Into Spring	7-10 Cloves	Large	Strong, Fiery	Fiery flavour
German Red	Rocambole	Late Summer	Mid Winter	5-7 Cloves	Large	Strong, Hot Spicy	Great full-bo
German White	Porcelain	Early-Mid Summer	Into Spring	5-7 Cloves	Medium	Strong, Robust	Great for roa locations.
Legacy	Rocambole	Late Summer	Mid Winter	7-12 Cloves	Medium	Medium, Strong	Great flavou
Metechi	Purple Stripe	Late Summer	Into Spring	5-7 Cloves	Large	Strong, Hot Spicy	Cold Hardy,
Mexican Purple	Purple Stripe	Late Summer	Late Winter/ Early Spring	8-16 Cloves	Small, Medium	Rich, Medium	Milder flavou
Music	Porcelain	Mid Summer	Into Spring	4-7 Cloves	Large	Medium, Strong	Cold hardy.
Russian Red	Purple Stripe	Early-Mid Summer	Mid Winter	6-8 Cloves	Large	Strong, Hot Spicy	Cold hardy.
Siberian	Purple Stripe	Late Summer	Into Spring	5-9 Cloves	Large	Strong, Hot Spicy	Mild flavour
Spanish Roja	Rocambole	Mid-Summer	Mid Winter	8-9 Cloves	Medium	Rich, Spicy	Rich complex cold climates
ELEPHANT GARLIC							
Elephant	Bulbing Leek	Late Summer	One year	4-6 Cloves	Very Large, Enormous	Mild, Sweet	Closely relat

When To Grow Garlic:

Plant in mid-September to October, at least 4 weeks before ground freezing. Many varieties can also be planted in early Spring.

How To Plant Garlic:

Break bulbs into individual cloves. Make sure cloves are hard and solid. Plant larger cloves as they will produce larger bulbs - you can use the smaller cloves for dinner!

Plant root plate end down, 3 inches deep, in well-drained soil. Add organic matter/ manure or mulch on top. Raised beds are recommended, as soil should be well draining.

Spacing of at least 5 inches on 1-foot rows will provide adequate sunshine, any extra spacing will allow bulbs to grow larger. Keep soil moist.

Growing/Harvesting Garlic:

Harvest the flowers 10-14 days after they appear. This allows the plant to put its energy into the bulb in the ground, not into making seeds.

Harvest the bulb once it has matured, and the leaves brown off. Dig from ground, and immediately brush off the soil from around the roots, very gently!

Curing & Storing Garlic:

Drying is an essential part of curing the bulbs, so do not wash them in water. Remove from direct sunlight, and leave under cover in a breezy area. With stalks/leaves attached, tie in bundles, or spread on screens/drying racks. Two weeks drying time is ideal. To store, hang in netted sacks/bags. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area with a

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bw, productive and adaptable to varying climates and t for braiding.

ng-lasting heat. One of the hottest hardneck varieties.

ur that mellows out to a rich garlic aftertaste.

podied and longlasting flavour. Stores very well.

oasting. Stores very well. Grows great in northern

our. Easy to peel. Cold hardy.

v, vigorous grower and long lasting in storage.

our when baked. Colourful.

Very hot when eaten raw. Great for roasting.

Grows great in northern locations.

r when stored. Great for roasting/cooking.

lex flavour, long-lasting taste. Excellent for growing in es.

ated to the leek. Cold hardy. Plant 4-6 inches deep.